

§ 941.614

(iv) The public housing grant funds to be drawn down will be used for eligible costs actually incurred or to be incurred in accordance with the provisions of this subpart and the approved proposal; and

(v) The ratio for the draw down of funds is satisfied.

(c) The standard drawdown requirements set forth in paragraph (b) of this section (including the requirement that public housing development funds must be drawn down in an approved ratio to other public and private funds) do not apply to front-end assistance approved by HUD pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section.

§ 941.614 HUD monitoring and review.

HUD shall monitor and review the implementation of the PHA's approved proposal in accordance with requirements prescribed by HUD in a special mixed-finance amendment to the ACC (and/or grant agreement).

§ 941.616 Sanctions.

In the event the public housing units that are proposed to be developed under this subpart are not developed in accordance with the projected development schedule, the approved proposal, and all applicable Federal requirements, or if the units are not operated in accordance with applicable requirements, HUD may impose sanctions on the PHA, and/or seek legal and equitable relief, in accordance with requirements prescribed by HUD in the special mixed-finance amendment to the ACC (and/or grant agreement).

PART 945—DESIGNATED HOUSING—PUBLIC HOUSING DESIGNATED FOR OCCUPANCY BY DISABLED, ELDERLY, OR DISABLED AND ELDERLY FAMILIES

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AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 1473e and 3535(d).

SOURCE: 59 FR 17662, Apr. 13, 1994, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General

§ 945.101 Purpose.

The purpose of this part is to provide for designated housing as authorized by section 7 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437e). Section 7 provides public housing agencies with the option, subject to the requirements and procedures of this part, to designate public housing projects, or portions of public housing projects, for occupancy by disabled families, elderly families, or mixed populations of disabled families and elderly families.

§ 945.103 General policies.

(a) *Agency participation.* Participation in this program is limited to public housing agencies (PHAs) (as this term is defined in 24 CFR 913.102) that elect to designate public housing projects for occupancy by disabled families, elderly families, or disabled families and elderly families, as provided by this part.

(b) *Eligible housing—(1) Designation of public housing.* Projects eligible for designation under this part are public housing projects as described in the definition of “project” in § 945.105.

(2) *Additional housing resources.* To meet the housing and supportive service needs of elderly families, and disabled families, including non-elderly disabled families, who will not be housed in a designated project, PHAs shall utilize housing resources that they own, control, or have received preliminary notification that they will obtain (e.g., section 8 certificates and vouchers). They also may utilize housing resources for which they plan to apply during the period covered by the allocation plan, and that they have a reasonable expectation of obtaining. PHAs also may utilize, to the extent practicable, any housing facilities that

they own or control in which supportive services are already provided, facilitated or coordinated, such as mixed housing, shared housing, family housing, group homes, and congregate housing.

(3) *Exemption of mixed population projects.* A PHA with a public housing project with a mixed population of elderly families and disabled families that plans to house them in such project in accordance with the requirements of 24 CFR part 960, subpart D, is not required to meet the designation requirements of this part.

(c) *Family Participation in designated housing—(1) Voluntary participation.* The election to reside in designated housing is voluntary on the part of a family. No disabled family or elderly family may be required to reside in designated housing, nor shall a decision not to reside in designated housing adversely affect the family with respect to occupancy of another appropriate project.

(2) *Meeting stated eligibility requirements.* Nothing in this part shall be construed to require or permit a PHA to accept for admission to a designated project a disabled family or elderly family who does not meet the stated eligibility requirements for occupancy in the project (for example, income), as set forth in HUD's regulations in 24 CFR parts 912 and 913, and in the PHA's admission policies.

§ 945.105 Definitions.

The terms *Department*, *Elderly person*, *HUD*, *NAHA*, *Public Housing Agency (PHA)*, and *Secretary* are defined in 24 CFR part 5.

Act means the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437-1440).

Accessible units means units that meet the requirement of accessibility with respect to dwellings as set forth in the second definition of "accessible" in 24 CFR 8.3.

Allocation plan. See § 945.201.

CHAS means the comprehensive housing affordability strategy required by section 105 of the National Affordable Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 12705) or any successor plan prescribed by HUD.

Designated family means the category of family for whom the project is des-

ignated (e. g., elderly family in a project designated for elderly families).

Designated housing or *designated project* means a project (or projects), or a portion of a project (or projects) (as these terms are defined in this section), that has been designated in accordance with the requirements of this part.

Disabled family means a family whose head or spouse or sole member is a person with disabilities. The term "disabled family" may include two or more persons with disabilities living together, and one or more persons with disabilities living with one or more persons who are determined to be essential to the care or well-being of the person or persons with disabilities. A disabled family may include persons with disabilities who are elderly.

Elderly family means a family whose head, spouse, or sole member is an elderly person. The term "elderly family" includes an elderly person, two or more elderly persons living together, and one or more elderly persons living with one or more persons who are determined to be essential to the care or well-being of the elderly person or persons. An elderly family may include elderly persons with disabilities and other family members who are not elderly.

Family includes but is not limited to a single person as defined in this part, a displaced person (as defined in 24 CFR part 912), a remaining member of a tenant family, a disabled family, an elderly family, a near-elderly family, and a family with children. It also includes an elderly family or a disabled family composed of one or more elderly persons living with one or more disabled persons.

Housing has the same meaning as "project," which is defined in this section.

Mixed population project means a public housing project reserved for elderly families and disabled families. This is the project type referred to in NAHA as being designated for elderly and disabled families. A PHA that has a mixed population project or intends to develop one need not submit an allocation plan or request a designation. However, the project must meet the requirements of 24 CFR part 960 subpart D.